2022 HCC Coding and Documentation Tips



Always make sure that you are using the current	Once a Year, Document Chronic Active Conditions commonly not documented		
Validated HCC Coding requires documenting: - Diagnosis	(reporting the diagnosis code alone is not appropriate documentation, diagnosis must be spelled out clearly in the note).		
- Status of Condition - Plan of Action	COAST – Do NOT use the words " HISTORY OF " if patient has an active disease currently being treated.		
For example:	Chronic Dx: CHF, COPD, DM, Residual effects of Stroke/CVA: I69.		
"CHF, stable, continue current meds" (document current medication member is	Ostomy: Colostomy: Z93.3/ Cystostomy: Z93.50/ Ileostomy: Z93.2/ Gastrostomy: Z93.1		
taking for condition)	Amputations: including toes and lower limbs: Z89.		
"Diabetic CKD III controlled, continue current meds, follow-up appointment and labs"	Seizures/Epilepsy: G40.90 / Spinal Disorders: Paraplegia: G82.20 / Quadriplegia: G82.50		
	T ransplants: Stem cell, liver, heart, and lung: Z94.		
Diabetes with Manifestations Many codes are now combination codes. It is important	to document the relationship between diabetes and the complication.		
E11.2 DMII with Renal Manifestations	E11.6 DMII with Other Specified Complication		
E11.22 DMII with CKD (add CKD stage) E11.3 DMII with Ophthalmic Complications	E11.61 with Arthropathy E11.62 with Diabetic Ulcer		
E11.31 to E11.35 with Retinopathy	E11.649 with Hypoglycemia		
E11.36 DMII with diabetic cataract E11.4 DMII with Neurological Manifestations	E11.65with HyperglycemiaE11.69with Other Specified Complication		
E11.40 Diabetic Neuropathy	* Must document causal relationship with complication		
E11.43Diabetic Autonomic GastroparesisE11.5DMII with Circulatory Disorders	R73.03Pre-DiabetesR73.09Abnormal Glucose		
E11.51 with Peripheral Angiopathy without ga	Agrene Z79.4 Long term use of insulin		
Cardiovascular - Do not code unstable Angina in the Blocker, Ca++ Channel Blocker or	e office (usually ER or INPT only). If CAD consider Angina if pt. on B- Nitrate.		
120.0 Unstable Angina	I42.9 Cardiomyopathy		
I20.8 Stable Angina I20.9 Angina, unspecified	I47.1 Supraventricular Tachycardia (PSVT)I48.91 Atrial Fibrillation		
I21.9 MI (acute) NOS, <4 weeks old	148.0 Paroxysmal atrial fibrillation		
I25.110 CAD w/ unstable Angina I25.119 CAD w/ unspecified Angina	8.2 Chronic Atrial FibrillationI50.9 CHF		
I25.2 Old myocardial infarction, > 4 weeks oldI25.709 CAD s/p CABG w/unspecified Angina	d I50.22 Chronic Systolic CHF / I50.32 Chronic diastolic CHF I49.5 Sick Sinus Syndrome (Sinoatrial dysfunction)		
127.2 Pulmonary Hypertension	Z79.01 Long Term Anticoagulation		
Chronic Kidney Disease - Check GFR and Micro	albuminuria at least twice a year.		
N18.1 CKD I GFR > 90 with Microalbumin	N18.4 CKD IV GFR 15-29		
N18.2 CKD II GFR 60-89 with Microalbumin N18.3- CKD III GFR 30-59	N18.5CKD V GFR <15		
N18.30 CKD III Unspecified	N25.81 Secondary Hyperparathyroidism, Renal		
N18.31 CKD III a GFR 45-59 N18.32 CKD III b GFR 30-44	Z91.15 Dialysis-NoncomplianceZ99.2 Dialysis Status/presence of AV shunt		
Circulatory / Vascular			
I70.0 Aortic Atherosclerosis (as on CXR)I70.209 Atherosclerosis, Extremities (plaque is ath	erosclerosis) I77.819 Aortic Ectasia, unspecified site Phlebitis and Thrombophlebitis, unspec. Vessel/extremity		
I71.9 Aortic aneurism of unspecified site, witho	ut rupture I82.5 Chronic DVT (on long term anticoagulation)		
I71.4 Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm – AAA w/o ruI73.9 Peripheral Vascular Disease (PVD)/PAD	IB3.0 Venous Stasis Ulcer IB7.31X Venous HTN with ulcer (indicate Ulcer site and severity)		
I77.1 Tortuous Artery	L89.9 Pressure Ulcer- Document site location and stg (II, III, IV)		
Gastroenterology			
B18.2 Chronic Viral Hepatitis C K50.90 Chron's disease, unspec. w/o complication	ns K70.30 Alcoholic Cirrhosis Hepatic failure, unspec. w/o coma		
K51.90 Ulcerative colitis, unspec. w/o complication	ons K73.9 Chronic Hepatitis, unspecified		
K56.41 Fecal Impaction K70.9 Alcoholic Liver Disease	K86.0Chronic pancreatitis, alcoholicK86.1Chronic pancreatitis NOS		
	I85.00 Esophageal varices w/o bleeding		
Malnutrition - Patients with CHF, COPD, Cancer, Dep Do NOT report "abnormal weight loss, un	ression and ill health are often malnourished. Iderweight, loss of appetite" when malnutrition should be considered.		
E44.0 to E46 Protein Calorie Malnutrition	R64 Cachexia - muscle wasting, poor grip strength, anorexia*		
Wt loss of 5% in 3-6 months, Wt loss of 10% in 6 mo	nths- Code first underlying condition, if known		

Hematolog	gy/ Immunodeficiency status due to underlying	conditions	
D47.3 D57.3 D61.8 D68.4	Polycythemia Vera Thrombocythemia Sickle-cell Treat Pancytopenia Acquired coagulation factor deficiency Senile Purpura	D70.9 (Neutro drug-in D84.821	Thrombocytopenia Neutropenia, unspec. openia Types: Congenital/ Secondary to chemotherapy/ duced/ secondary to infection/ cyclic) Immunodeficiency due to drugs. Immunodeficiency due to external causes.
Morbid Ob	esity		
	Morbid Obesity, due to excess calories Morbid (severe) obesity with alveolar hypoventilation •Code also BMI	ca C/	MI 35 – 39.99 w/ comorbid conditions (must document ausal relationship) Diabetes, HTN, Hyperlipidemia, CHF, AD, DJD of knee/hip, Sleep apnea MI 40 or greater
Musculos	celetal		
M05.9 M06.00 M06.4	Rheumatoid arthritis w/o rheumatoid factor, unspec. Inflammatory polyarthropathy Chronic postrheumatic arthropathy	L40.50 M86.9 Z89.42X Z89.51X	Inflammatory spondylopathies Psoriatic Arthritis Osteomyelitis, unspecified Amputation status, other toe (R=1; L=2) Amputation status, BKA (R=1; L=2) Amputation status, AKA (R=1; L=2)
G20 G35 G40.90	 Do not code acute CVA (usually ER or INPT only) Parkinson's Multiple Sclerosis Epilepsy/ Seizure disorder Late Effect of CVA Monoplegia Upper Limb following CVA Monoplegia Lower Limb following CVA Hemiplegia/Hemiparesis following CVA Other Paralytic Syndrome following CVA History of CVA - use when there are no late effects of the CVA 	M M M32.19 L R56.9 U	lcoholic ther Diseases – Document a link – uch as: ESRD, ESLD, HIV/AIDS, IBD, alignancies, Pre-Diabetes)
	 Document cancer as ACTIVE if: undergoing tx (including hormor waiting, refuses tx: COO. to D48. 85.9 Use "HISTORY OF" codes for cancers that are cured/show no evidence of disease 80. Secondary Malignant Neoplasm (Metastases) – Document by location of metastasis 	C83. to C8 C91. to C95	8. LYMPHOMA documented as "IN REMISSION" is coded as active
	mon codes: Melanoma in Situ Malignant Melanoma H/O Malignant Melanoma Breast, unspecified Kidney, unspecified	C16	
Ophthalm	ology		
H35.32	Exudative Macular Degeneration	H43	B.1 Vitreous Hemorrhage
Psychiatri	C - Document chronic lifetime conditions.		
F20.	Schizophrenia	F31. B	linolar
Major Dep	ression - Do NOT write "depression". Instead, document as "r severe, partial or full remission.		
F32. F33.	Single Episode Recurrent		
Drug Depe	endence - Code for patients on chronic meds for treatment wi to code "dependence," including desire, or unsucce criteria only if the patient is non-compliant or if they	ssful effort to cut d	lown, etc. Tolerance and withdrawal are to be used as
F11.2 F12.1 F12.2 F12.9	Opioid Dependence Cannabis Abuse Cannabis Dependence Cannabis Use		2 Benzodiazepines1 Chronic Opiate Use
Dementia	- Check MMSE/SLUMS		
F01.51	Vascular dementia without behavioral disturbance Vascular dementia with behavioral disturbance Dementia, unspec. (Includes: Senile/Presenile/Degenerative	F03.90 + F0 G30.	9 Alzheimer's
	depressed or paranoid type) Dementia without behavioral disturbance (unspecified) Dementia with behavioral disturbance (unspecified)	G30. G30	.0 Alzheimer's with early onset.1 Alzheimer's with late onset

J41.0 J42 J43.9 J44.9 J44.9 J82.81	Simple Chronic Bronchitis (smokers cough) Chronic bronchitis, unspec Emphysema Chronic Obstructive Asthma COPD Chronic eosinophilic pneumonia		<88% on room air	
	Hyperoxaluria (Calcium oxalate kidney stones) Leakage of other urinary catheter Mechanical complication of other urinary catheter	T83.511	Infection and inflammatory reaction due to indwelling urethral catheter	
Z93.1	Tracheostomy status Gastrostomy status Ileostomy status		Colostomy status Cystostomy status Other artificial opening status	
Human In	nmunodeficiency Virus			
Z21	Asymptomatic human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] infection status is applied when the patient is HIV positive and does not have any documented symptoms of an HIV-related illness.		 Human immunodeficiency virus <u>disease</u> [AIDS] "AIDS" or "HIV disease" is used or if the patient is treated for any HIV-related illness or is described as having any condition(s) resulting from his/her HIV positive status; 	
R75	Inconclusive laboratory evidence of human immunodeficiency virus [HIV]			

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